**CHAPTER REVIEW 7**

1. Safety Data Sheets provide information about "the chemical ingredients of the product, the dangers of the product, the protective items to wear when using the chemical, the correct method of using and cleaning up a chemical, the emergency response actions to be taken when a chemical is splashed, sprayed or ingested by a person, and the safe handling, storage, and disposal procedures for the product."
2. Sharp objects and infectious waste should be disposed in biohazard containers.
3. Objects should be held far away from the body when lifting or carrying them.
4. Bend at your knees.
5. Restraints were often overused by caregivers, and residents were injured.
6. Restraint alternative are measures used in place of a restraint or that reduce the need for a restraint.
7. When ordered by the physician / doctor.
8. A. The needle or catheter has fallen out or moves out of the vein.  
   B. The armboard or handboard becomes loose.  
   C. The tubing is disconnected.  
   D. Blood appears in the tubing.  
   E. The IV fluid in the bag or container is gone or almost gone.  
   F. The IV fluid is not dripping, is leaking, or the bag breaks.
9. Heat, fuel, oxygen
10. RACE: Remove, Activate, Contain, Extinguish

PASS: Pull, Aim, Squeeze, Sweep

11.Check for the heat coming from the door before opening it.

12. A. If any visitor or staff member makes you uneasy, do not leave a resident alone with the person.   
 B. If you notice anything suspicious, report it immediately.

13. B

14. A

15. C

16. C

**CHAPTER REVIEW 8**

1. Assess situation then assess the victim
2. Respiratory is when breathing stops, cardiac is when heart stops
3. four to six minutes
4. The person should be placed on their backs, if person is bleeding have them lie on their side unless you suspect that the neck, or spinal cord is injured.
5. No, place second pad on top of first, continue to apply pressure
6. Have them bend forward and place head between knees
7. Apply firm pressure over the bridge of nose. squeeze the bridge of the nose with your thumb and forefinger
8. Shortness of breath, nausea/vomiting, Back, shoulder or jaw pain
9. Increased hunger, thirst or urination; abdominal pain; deep or labored breathing; and breath that smells sweet or fruity.
10. 1. Do not try to stop the seizure or restrain the person.  
      
    2. Do not force anything between the person's teeth. Do not place your hands in his mouth for any reason.  
      
    3. Do not give the person fluids or food.
11. It is a warning sign of a cerebrovascular accident (CVA). It is the result of a temporary lack of oxygen in the brain.
12. Cardiac arrest.
13. A. Fire  
      
    B. Flood  
      
    C. Earthquake  
      
    D. Hurricane  
      
    E. Tornado
14. A
15. D
16. B
17. D
18. C